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Director of ______ I op Secret Central Intelligence

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National Intelligence Daily

Friday 5 March 1982

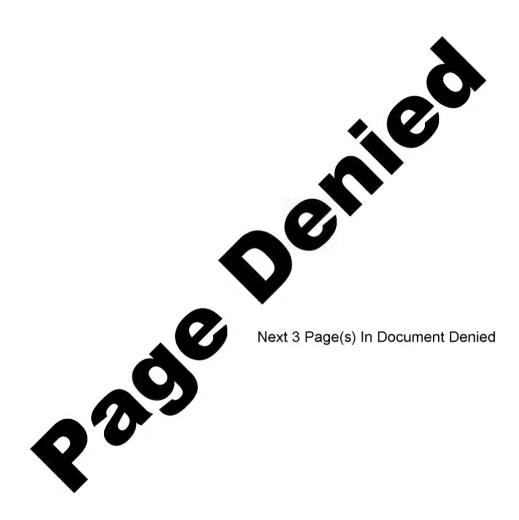
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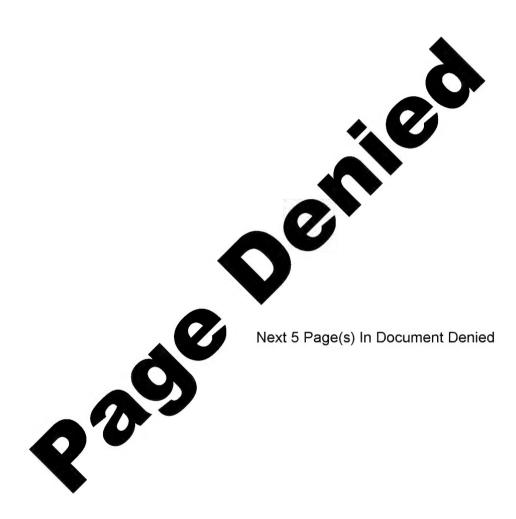
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HUNGARY: Financial Position Get	ting Worse
Increased borrowing difficulties to meet its payments.	threaten Budapest's ability
Hungarian officials repeate	edly have tried to disas-
sociate Hungary from Poland's ectinue to hope that the US Govern banks that lending to Hungary is	onomic woes. They con- ment wil <u>l reassure</u> US

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SOUTHERN AFRICA: Frontline Summit on Namibia

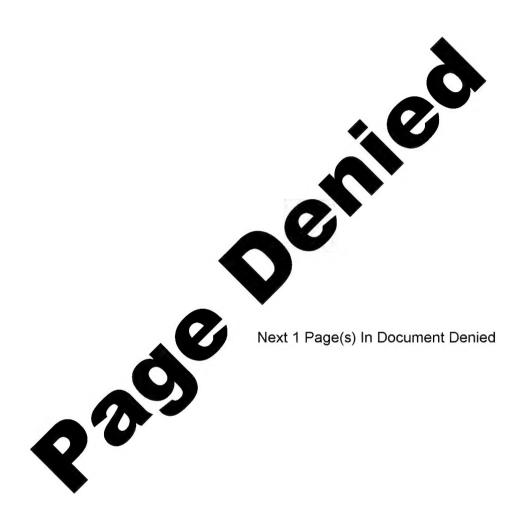
Tanzanian President Nyerere has called a meeting this weekend in Maputo of the leaders of the Frontline States and the South-West Africa People's Organization to discuss problems with the Western Contact Group's proposals for electing delegates to the constitutional assembly for an independent Namibia and to review events in southern Africa.

The Frontline States are under consider-Comment: able pressure to accept the Contact Group's proposals, and Nyerere probably anticipates an acrimonious session. He may attempt to persuade SWAPO to accept the proposals by pointing to the prospects for regional instability if the negotiations fail and possibly by guaranteeing Frontline support on the more difficult issues still to be negotiated. The Tanzanians apparently believe that the Frontline States will agree to the Contact Group's proposals if SWAPO can be brought on board. Although Zambia, Botswana, and Mozambique are likely to support Nyerere, SWAPO probably will continue to reject the Contact Group's proposals.

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Guatemalan Officials



President Romeo Lucas



Army Chief of Staff Benedicto Lucas

Major Guatemalan Presidential Candidates



Anibal Guevara



Alejandro Maldonado



Mario Sandoval

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Guevara appears wether or not he wins wigh the current ad- wrowing strength of wisibility of vote with stances could prompt willity for Guevara or wrine the already wational isolation
nse who is less appears to retain d over the past government re- s aggressive
of a coalition Democrats, has ing ahead in some er Mario Sandoval

GUATEMALA: Election Prospects

SPECIAL ANALYSIS

Ruling coalition candidate General Anibal likely to be installed as President in July, wh a plurality in the elections on Sunday. Althou ministration has pledged clean elections, the g Guevara's two major opponents increases the pos rigging and postelection violence. Such circum the Army to intervene, either to ensure a plura to take direct command. Such a move could unde slim prospects for lessening Guatemala's intern and for reducing domestic political animosities

Guevara, a former Minister of Defer rigidly rightwing than President Lucas, the advantage despite having lost ground two months. He has enjoyed the use of sources during the campaign. One of hi opponents, however, may yet win.

Alejandro Maldonado, the candidate including the left-of-center Christian chipped away Guevara's lead and is runn public opinion surveys. Rightwing lead also has put on a last-minute surge at Guevara's expense.

Sandoval has the best political organization and will be able to get large numbers of his supporters to the polls. His greatest strength lies in the southeastern part of the country, the region least affected by leftist insurgents trying to disrupt the election.

No candidate is likely to receive an outright majority, and the government-controlled legislature will choose the President later this month from the top two voteget-Guevara could be chosen even if he finishes second in the general balloting, but such a departure from tradition would further poison the tense political atmosphere.

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Military Attitudes

Public promises of clean elections from both the government and the Army are designed to counter Guatemala's dismal human rights image and to attract international support. As Guevara has faltered, however, the high command probably has considered quaranteeing him a plurality through fraud.

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If Sandoval loses, he probably will charge the government with fraud and use his numerous paramilitary forces to stage mass protests. Although his aim probably would be to negotiate additional congressional seats for his party rather than to provoke a showdown, the situation could get out of hand. If Sandoval's forces provoke serious disturbances, the Army might declare a state of siege--and possibly annul the election--in the interests of preserving order.

Outlook

No matter what the outcome, the election is unlikely to ease Guatemala's international ostracism or promote domestic backing for the new administration. At home and abroad, a victory by Guevara will be widely assumed to have been achieved through fraud. Although Sandoval is

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a civilian, his rightist policies would be seen in many other countries as a continuation of the worst excesses of the preceding military regimes.

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The assumption of power by a freely elected Maldonado—an unlikely outcome—would gain some international support for Guatemala, but the suspicions of the military and Sandoval's supporters would hamper the new government's ability to address the problems facing the country.

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